

Guilden Sutton Church of England Primary School

Love and Justice for All

Religious Education Whole School Curriculum Progression Map

Our Christian Values: WISDOM, JUSTICE, COMPASSION, LOVE, FORGIVENESS, FRIENDSHIP

Year Group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year Group Reception	Autumn 1 Why are we all different and special? How do Hindus celebrate Diwali? • Talk about themselves, their likes, dislikes, and what makes them special. • Talk about feelings they have experienced. • Talk about the names Christians give to God. Talk	 How do Christians celebrate Jesus' birthday? Retell the nativity story and identify the characters. Use religious words to talk about Christmas. Talk about why Christmas is important to Christians as a celebration of Jesus' birthday. 	 Spring 1 Why do people believe that Jesus is special? Read and retell stories of the Bible, including Jesus' life and miracles. Talk about 'People who Help us' and caring jobs and link to Christian Values. Show an awareness of leaders and significant figures of world faiths i.e. Vicar, Priest, Imam, Buddha, Guru 	Spring 2 Why do Christians believe that Easter is all about love? • Discuss why Easter is important to Christians. • Discuss how God loves everyone. • Retell the story of Easter. • Identify symbols associated with Easter. • Talk about their own experiences of love.	Summer 1 What is prayer? • Join in with the Lord's prayer and know that Jesus taught it to his disciples. • Talk about how prayer can be expressed in different ways to communicate with God. • Know that there are 5 special times each day	 What makes a place holy? Look at the different buildings of worship associated with Christians, Muslims and Hindus. Identify and compare a mosque, temple and church. Identify the reasons people find these places special and talk about places special to them.
	 about Muslim prayer beads and how they are used. Show an awareness of other religious 	 Talk about traditions in the Christian church at Christmas time. 	Nanak and know why they are important.	 Ask questions about the Easter story. 	 when Muslims stop to pray. Talk about the stories of Daniel and Jonah. 	 Talk about the rules and respectful expectations of these buildings e.g. taking your shoes

	festivals and traditions.	 Talk about their own experiences/ feelings of Christmas. 	 Talk about why Christians believe Jesus is the Son of God. Talk about people who are special and give reasons why they are special. 		 Talk about their own experiences of prayer and identify different objects that can be associated with prayer: prayer mats, prayer beads, prayer pots. Discuss the Muslim celebrations of Eid and the associated traditions. 	off before entering a mosque.	
	Christmas, Nativity, Easter	••••••	Eid, Diwali, Jesus, Son of G	iod, Christian, Guru Nanak	, Buddha, Imam, Vicar, Mo	osque, Church, Temple,	
1	Miracle, Bible, Qur'an, Pra What does the story of	Why is baptism	What did Jesus teach	What do you think is	How and why are Allah	& Muhammad (pbuh)	
	creation teach people?	special? How do	people about God's	the most important	important to Muslims believe about God? How do Muslims celebrate new beginnings?		
	What do people with similar and different	people welcome babies? What does it	love? Why did Jesus tell stories?	part of the Easter story?			
	worldviews believe about how the world	mean to belong? How do Christians welcome	Retell some of Jesus'	Recall events of the	What is a Muslim marri	age ceremony like?	
	was made & how should we should look after it?	baby Jesus?	stories Understand Jesus told 	Easter story. Reflect on the awe	• Understand why Allah faith.	is central to the Islamic	
	• Understand the creation stories which	 Talk about what belonging means to them. 	the stories to teach people about God. • Give a simple explanation of the	and wonder of new life and changes in nature.	 Investigate how Musli beginnings. 	ms celebrate new	

ti M b si w •	are at the beginning of the Bible. • Understand Christians, Muslims and Hindus believe that creation shows the power and wonder of God. • Talk about what I enjoy most in creation.	 Explain what happens when a baby is baptised. Discuss ways in which people of world faiths welcome new babies. 	things we can learn from Jesus' stories.	• Talk about their own experiences of Easter and springtime.	 Understand the values of love, respect, and commitment in a Muslim marriage. Describe what happens in a Muslim marriage.
G	parable, gospels, Good Frid	day, Easter Sunday, Jesus,		les, Mary, resurrection, ga	Godparents, water, belonging, Jesus, Bible, rden, tomb, Islam, Allah, Muhammad (pbuh),
2 V V	What is Humanism? What do humanist think a good life is all about? Explain how a Humanist understands human beings, where they came from, that they have good and bad features.	 Why is the bible such a special book? What other special books do people have and follow? Identify the Bible as a holy book (special) to Christians Explain why the Bible might be important to Christians Explain why the Bible might be important to Christians Explain why the Bible might be important to Christians Explain why the Bible might be important to Christians 	 Why are Holy buildings important to people of faith? Understand that holy places of worship are special places Describe events that happen in a church and explain why. Understand that a church is a place of worship for a Christian and what it means for them 	 How do symbols help us to understand the Easter story? Describe key important things Christians believe about Jesus. Explain why Easter is the most important festival in the Christian calendar. Explain how saving people and rescue is linked to Jesus and Easter. 	 How do Jewish people remember their history? How do Jews show their faith through practices and celebrations? What does this story teach people about God? Describe how Shabbat (day of rest) is important to a Jew and how Jews may go to a synagogue during this period. Describe how Jewish families celebrate festivals with reference to the story of Esther and Purim. Retell and talk about the stories explored: The Creation Story Joseph the Dreamer Moses and the Bulrushes Esther was a Star

	ollow?	as 'light of the world'?	worship?	sadness or joy?	worship?	same? Global Church
J a n c	udaism, Jew, Torah, Hebro Ichievements, freedom, fa ninister, pews, font, altar,	irness, kindness, Bible, Old	l Testament, New Testame ly, sacred, Mosque, Minare	umanism, Humanist, natura ent, Holy, Gospel, Word of (et tower, Temple, shrine, N Is the cross a symbol of	God, Mary Jones, Dead S	ea Scrolls, church, vicar
•	for Humanism and that there are different ways to be happy Explain how Humanists try to approach life by being kind to people, animals and the planet. How people feel and how they should be treated.	 treated Identify the Torah as the holy book for Jews Explain the rules within the Torah and how they help guide a Jew in their lives 	 Understand that a Synagogue is a place of worship for those of Jewish faith. Describe Shabbat and explain why Jews might go to the synagogue of during this period. Recognise different artefacts of Judaism found in a synagogue. 			
•	Human as a symbol	• Explain how the Qur'an should be	to belong to a church.			

Ten Commandments are rules and advice from the Bible.Jesus is known as the Light of the World.happens at a Synagogue.events of PalmMu all the Sunday, Holy Week and Easter are a combination of joy and sadness.• Know that Moses received the Ten Commandments from God.• Explore how Light into people's light into people's lives.• Explore how Jewish people worship.• Explore how Jewish people worship.• Mu Sunday, Holy Week and Easter are a combination of joy and sadness.• Explore the meaning of the parable of the Good Samaritan and how it reflects the The Ten Commandments and British Values.• Learn of the tradition of Christians believe Christians believe C	Know that Muslims believe all the prophets (including Jesus) taught the same	Are all places of worship the same? Gurdwara, mosque,
are rules and advice from the Bible.the Light of the World.Synagogue.Sunday, Holy Week and Easter are a combination of joy and sadness.• Know that Moses received the Ten Commandments from God.• Explore how Christians bring light into people's lives.• Learn the story of Moses and that he is important for Jewish people, Christians and mow it reflects the Ten Commandments.• Learn of the 	all the prophets (including Jesus)	•
from the Bible.World.Explore howand Easter are a combination of joyKnow that Moses received the Ten Commandments 	(including Jesus)	Gurdwara mosque
 Know that Moses received the Ten Commandments from God. Explore how Christians bring light into people's from God. Explore the meaning of the parable of the Good Samaritan and how it reflects the Ten Commandments. Make links between The Ten Commandments and British Values. Know that Christians believe Commandments and British Values. 		•
received the Ten Commandments from God.Christians bring light into people's lives.Learn the story of Moses and that he is important for Jewish people, Christians and how it reflects the Ten Commandments.Learn of the tradition of Christingle.Learn the story of Moses and that he is important for Jewish people, Christians and Muslims.Learn the variety of ways that the that ways that the church remembers and marks the events of Holy• Explore the meaning of the parable of the Good Samaritan and how it reflects the Ten Commandments.• Learn of the tradition of Christians believe Christians believe Christians believe Christians is a celebration of the arrival of Emmanuel, who is Jesus God with us.• Learn the story of Moses and that he is important for Jewish people, Christians and Muslims.• Learn the variety of ways that the Mu Week.• Make links between The Ten Commandments and British Values.• Understand that christians believe Jesus God with us.• Find out what happens at Pesach.• Understand that the events of Holy Week reveal what Jesus came to earth Nig Salvation plan.• Understand that to do – God's salvation plan.	aught the same	church, synagogue
through his Son, Wu	message and that Muhammad (Pbuh) is called the 'Messenger of God' and is the last and final prophet. Learn the key events from The Night of Power. Explore how Muslims worship and understand the reasons behind rituals such as Wudu and the call to prayer.	 Know that Christianity is a world-wide multi- cultural faith. Understand that although not all church buildings are the same, they have similar features according to the Christian denomination. Explore the concept of 'the church' not necessarily needing to be a building - Peter and the disciples 'built' the church. Know that the Bible gives guidance to the church about behaviour and attitudes. Learn that world faiths have different places of worship, know the names of those

	The Cross – rescue, resurr Islam – mosque, Imam, Qu Global Church – church, ch	ingle, metaphor, symbol/is bi, Torah, ark, Bimah, shabl ection, salvation, sacrifice, ur'an, Night of Power, Ange napel, cathedral, Anglican,	sm/ise, incarnation, Emma bat, covenant, orthodox, co Last Supper, Maundy Thur el Jibril, Cave Hira, prophet Methodist, Catholic, font,	onservative, plagues, Yahw sday, Good Friday , revelation, Wudu, minare lectern, pulpit, altar, Gurdy	wara, Mandir, Synagogue, Mosque
4	 How do humanists understand the world in which they live? How should I live? Explain how Humanists look to science for explanations of origins as evolved animals. Describe how humans have the potential to make the world a better place and have responsibilities to the planet and each other. Discuss how Humanists recognise how beliefs may be 	 What is my point of view about God and why do people have belief in God? What do I think about God? How do Christians describe God? How do Muslims describe God? How do Hindus describe God? How have artists portrayed God in different times? How does faith impact on decisions? What did Abraham's faith mean to him? 	 How does/did Jesus change lives? Understand the concept of salvation means 'to be rescued' from sin. Describe how Christians live their lives as disciples and choose to follow Jesus. Explain why and how people's lives changed when they met Jesus. 	 A story of betrayal or trust? What can Christians from the Easter story? Identify and explain the significance of the incidents of betrayal and trust in the Easter story – God's salvation plan? Use religious vocabulary to make links between Christian beliefs and the stories of Palm Sunday, Holy Week and Easter? Describe and show understanding of the Christian value 	 How do Hindus celebrate Diwali? How does the Ramayana teach Hindus about Good and Evil?

	 questioned, supporting freedom of belief and how science may provide answers. Understand there is no single way to be happy as humans are all different and you should be free to pursue what makes you happy as long as this causes no harm. 	 What questions do I have to interview Christians about their belief in God? 		of forgiveness in relation to the story of Peter?	What do Hindus understand about the journey of life?
	Comparative Worldviews - Christianity – Jesus, Mothe	– worldviews, The Holy Tri er Teresa, Disciple, Zaccha arma, Hindu, Brahman, Vi		nces, Abrahamic. trust, betrayal, forgiveness	s, loyalty, Gethsemane, Jerusalem. oli, Puja, Vedas, Mandir, Reincarnation, Karma,
5	 How do Christians seek to bring God's Kingdom on earth? Understand how our talents have an impact on our local community. Understand and explain what Jesus meant in the parable of the talents. 	 What Sikhi beliefs are important to Sikhs? Why is community & equality important to Sikhs? Explain how Sikhs believe in all pathways leading to God. 	 How does having faith affect people's lives? Arch Bishop of York Young Leaders Award – Social Action How Can I Change the World to Make it a Better Place to Live? 	 Why do Christians believe that Easter is a celebration of victory? Explain how the life of Jesus was a sacrifice. Describe how references to Jesus' death and resurrection found in the Church 	 How is Muslim belief demonstrated through family life? Why are the 5 pillars important to Muslims? Identify, describe, and explain key Muslim beliefs related to Allah (God). Describe how Muslims believe that to have 'inner peace with God' humans must follow and submit to Allah's guidance and will, including Jihad as an 'inner struggle with oneself' to become a better Muslim.

	 Investigate why the Bible is important to Christians. Compare the Bible to other sacred texts. Investigate how a church leader uses their gifts and talents to bring God's kingdom on earth. <u>Key Vocabulary</u> Christianity – Talent, Kingo Emmaus, forgiveness, com Sikhi- Sikhi, Sikh, Guru Gra 	munity, faith.		 (artefacts, ritual, or text) reinforce the Christian idea of forgiveness. Evaluate diverse Christian expressions of worship. arable, sacrifice, victory, triperinge, Golden Temple, 	 are important to t Explain and assess part of the Umma Five Pillars enable with God. Explain how Musl people in need. 	lars and explain why they the majority of Muslims. Is how all Muslims are th by showing how the Muslims to have peace im organisations help
6			 How do Sikhs worship? Explain how Sikhs believe in all pathways leading to God. Describe the founder of Sikhi, Guru Nanak and recall key events in his life. 		 Science & Belief To explore whether the Big Bang Theory disproves the Genesis accounts of creation. To compare the views of 	 Equality & Justice To define the terms equality, justice and fairness and discuss examples from different world views To explain how Humanists and

 •	Understand the		beliefs but other	•	Describe what		and perceptions of		the afterlife		others believe
	basic of how		are secular; not all		happens in the		loss, death, heaven		across a		that what we
	religious diversity		celebrations are		Gurdwara (e.g.,		and eternal life.		selection of		share is greater
	originated in the UK		linked to the		welcoming a new	•	Give pupils time to		religious		than that which
	with simple		nativity story.		baby, Khanda,		think about and		worldviews to		divides us
	examples.	•	Christmas		Langar, Guru		respond to the key		Christianity	•	To discuss our
•	Talk about religions		celebrations		Granth Sahib,		questions in a safe,	•	To compare		local, wider and
	around the world		provide answers to		prayer hall, 4		loving		Humanist		global societies
	and where different		questions about		doors)		environment.		views to the		and the
	religions originated.		Christian beliefs	•	Describe how the	•	Develop the		Christian view		inequalities
•	Explain about		about Jesus.		Guru Granth Sahib		children's		of how the		which exist.
	discrimination and	•	Make links		is treated with		understanding of		world began.	•	To discuss how
	stereotypes.		between the story,		respect.		Christian hope and	•	To explain		prejudice,
•	Question cultural		belief and action.	•	Discuss how Sikhs		the promise of		why		discrimination
	identity and how this	•	Describe and give		worship in		eternal life with		Humanists		can be spread
	is part of an		reasons for		Gurdwaras around		God.		feel that		on social media
	individual's identity.		similarities and		the world.	•	Develop pupil's		science is a	•	To discuss how
			differences	•	To know who is		understanding and		process which		a range of
•	Discuss values		between Christmas		Guru Nanak and		knowledge of how		allows claims		world views
	showing empathy		celebrations		how did he become		people of faith		to be tested.		teach about
	for views which are		around the world.		a teacher and		mark the end of	٠	To discuss if		care of the
	different to my own.	•	Describe and show		leader		life.		Christian		environment
•	Explain what the		understanding of	٠	To know that Sikhs	•	Develop pupil's		spiritual	•	To discuss how
	golden rule of		why Christmas is		respect but do not		understanding of		experience		people can
	religion means to		such an important		worship Gurus		Muslim, Hindu and		can co-exist		work together
	me.		time for Christians.	•	To understand how		Buddhist beliefs		alongside		in unity to
•	Explain how a faith	•	Discuss the		Sikhs demonstrate		about death and		scientific		make the world
	community may		distinctive Christian		their views on		life after death.		principles.		a better place
	celebrate the birth		beliefs highlighted		equality and	•	Develop			•	To give two
	of a child.		by Christmas		sharing.		understanding of				examples of
			celebrations.	•	To find out more		Humanist beliefs				how
		•	Ask relevant		about the birth and		about death.				changemakers
			questions using		life of Guru Nanak						from different

vocabulary. is based on his birthday each year. making a fairer world. Key Vocabulary birthday each year. world. Diversity – diversity, culture, worldviews, identity, origins, values, influences, respect, stereotypes, discrimination, empathy. Christianity – Christmas, Incarnation, secular, Saint Nicholas, Advent, life, death, heaven, eternal life, funeral, reincarnation, hope Sikhi – Sikhi, Sikh, Guru Granth Sahib, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Langar, 5Ks, Punjabi, Nam Karan, Wahegur, Kanda, Science and Belief- Christian, Humanist, Genesus, evolution, afterlife, heaven, reincarnation, science, Big Bang, Creation, Spirituality Equality and Justice – Equality, justice, fairness, United Nations Declaration of Human Rights, Equality Act, prejudice, discrimination, racism.		religious	and how a festival			world views are				
Key Vocabulary Diversity – diversity, culture, worldviews, identity, origins, values, influences, respect, stereotypes, discrimination, empathy. Christianity – Christmas, Incarnation, secular, Saint Nicholas, Advent, life, death, heaven, eternal life, funeral, reincarnation, hope Sikhi – Sikhi, Sikh, Guru Granth Sahib, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Langar, 5Ks, Punjabi, Nam Karan, Wahegur, Kanda, Science and Belief- Christian, Humanist, Genesus, evolution, afterlife, heaven, reincarnation, science, Big Bang, Creation, Spirituality		vocabulary.	is based on his			making a fairer				
Diversity – diversity, culture, worldviews, identity, origins, values, influences, respect, stereotypes, discrimination, empathy. Christianity – Christmas, Incarnation, secular, Saint Nicholas, Advent, life, death, heaven, eternal life, funeral, reincarnation, hope Sikhi – Sikhi, Sikh, Guru Granth Sahib, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Langar, 5Ks, Punjabi, Nam Karan, Wahegur, Kanda, Science and Belief- Christian, Humanist, Genesus, evolution, afterlife, heaven, reincarnation, science, Big Bang, Creation, Spirituality			birthday each year.			world.				
Diversity – diversity, culture, worldviews, identity, origins, values, influences, respect, stereotypes, discrimination, empathy. Christianity – Christmas, Incarnation, secular, Saint Nicholas, Advent, life, death, heaven, eternal life, funeral, reincarnation, hope Sikhi – Sikhi, Sikh, Guru Granth Sahib, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Langar, 5Ks, Punjabi, Nam Karan, Wahegur, Kanda, Science and Belief- Christian, Humanist, Genesus, evolution, afterlife, heaven, reincarnation, science, Big Bang, Creation, Spirituality										
Diversity – diversity, culture, worldviews, identity, origins, values, influences, respect, stereotypes, discrimination, empathy. Christianity – Christmas, Incarnation, secular, Saint Nicholas, Advent, life, death, heaven, eternal life, funeral, reincarnation, hope Sikhi – Sikhi, Sikh, Guru Granth Sahib, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Langar, 5Ks, Punjabi, Nam Karan, Wahegur, Kanda, Science and Belief- Christian, Humanist, Genesus, evolution, afterlife, heaven, reincarnation, science, Big Bang, Creation, Spirituality										
Diversity – diversity, culture, worldviews, identity, origins, values, influences, respect, stereotypes, discrimination, empathy. Christianity – Christmas, Incarnation, secular, Saint Nicholas, Advent, life, death, heaven, eternal life, funeral, reincarnation, hope Sikhi – Sikhi, Sikh, Guru Granth Sahib, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Langar, 5Ks, Punjabi, Nam Karan, Wahegur, Kanda, Science and Belief- Christian, Humanist, Genesus, evolution, afterlife, heaven, reincarnation, science, Big Bang, Creation, Spirituality										
Diversity – diversity, culture, worldviews, identity, origins, values, influences, respect, stereotypes, discrimination, empathy. Christianity – Christmas, Incarnation, secular, Saint Nicholas, Advent, life, death, heaven, eternal life, funeral, reincarnation, hope Sikhi – Sikhi, Sikh, Guru Granth Sahib, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Langar, 5Ks, Punjabi, Nam Karan, Wahegur, Kanda, Science and Belief- Christian, Humanist, Genesus, evolution, afterlife, heaven, reincarnation, science, Big Bang, Creation, Spirituality	Key Vocabulary									
Sikhi – Sikhi, Sikh, Guru Granth Sahib, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Langar, 5Ks, Punjabi, Nam Karan, Wahegur, Kanda, Science and Belief- Christian, Humanist, Genesus, evolution, afterlife, heaven, reincarnation, science, Big Bang, Creation, Spirituality		e, worldviews, identity, or	rigins, values, influences, re	spect, stereotypes, discrin	nination, empathy.					
Science and Belief- Christian, Humanist, Genesus, evolution, afterlife, heaven, reincarnation, science, Big Bang, Creation, Spirituality										
	Sikhi – Sikhi, Sikh, Guru Granth Sahib, Gurdwara, Guru Nanak, Langar, 5Ks, Punjabi, Nam Karan, Wahegur, Kanda,									
Equality and Justice – Equality, justice, fairness, United Nations Declaration of Human Rights, Equality Act, prejudice, discrimination, racism.	Science and Belief- Christian, Humanist, Genesus, evolution, afterlife, heaven, reincarnation, science, Big Bang, Creation, Spirituality									
	Equality and Justice – Equa	ality, justice, fairness, Unit	ed Nations Declaration of H	luman Rights, Equality Act	, prejudice, discrimination	, racism.				