

## Guilden Sutton Church of England Primary School

# Love and Justice for All Year 1 Curriculum Progression Map

Our Christian Values: WISDOM, JUSTICE, COMPASSION, LOVE, FORGIVENESS, FRIENDSHIP

Subject	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Toys in Space	Look Up	The Lion Inside	Little Red and the Very	Goldilocks and Just	Beegu
	Mini Grey	Nathan Bryon	Rachel Bright	Hungry Lion	the One Bear	Alexis Deacon
				Alex T. Smith	Leigh Hodgkinson	
	Toys in Space Mini GREY	LOOK UP!	LION INSIDE	LITTLE RED VERY HUNGRY LION	Gajust mone Bears	Alexis Deacon BEEGU
English Text					Goldilocks and the Three Bears Amanda Askew	
					Soldilocks Three Rears	

Focus Genres	<ul> <li>Narrative –         retelling story (3-         part story)</li> <li>Non – fiction -         Instructions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Narrative – rewrite         (5-part story)</li> <li>Non – fiction - Non-         chronological         report</li> <li>Poetry – List poetry</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Narrative – 5-part story with different characters</li> <li>Non – fiction – Fact file</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fiction - 5-part story with different setting</li> <li>Poetry - Kenning poems</li> </ul>	S	Narrative – 5-part story different character.	<ul> <li>Narrative – 5-part story.</li> <li>Non-fiction - Recount</li> <li>Poetry - List poetry</li> </ul>
SPaG	<ul> <li>narratives. (real or fi</li> <li>Use present tense m growing accuracy of</li> <li>Use 'and' to join word ordination)</li> <li>Use some simple des</li> <li>Write short narrative sentences are seque</li> <li>Demarcate some ser letters and full stops</li> <li>Capital letters for na</li> <li>Segment spoken word represent these by p graphemes, spelling and making phonetic others.</li> <li>Spell some year 1 had words accurately.</li> <li>Apply suffixes with a is needed to the roof est, -s and -es)</li> <li>Form letters and digit orientation and related</li> </ul>	ostly accurately and past tense. rds and sentences (co- scription. es ensuring that many nced. ntences with capital , and begin to use ?. mes of people and places rds into phonemes and	<ul> <li>narratives. (real or fice)</li> <li>Use present tense more growing accuracy of present to join work ordination)</li> <li>Use 'and' to join work ordination)</li> <li>Use some simple description</li> <li>Write short narrative sentences are sequended.</li> <li>Demarcate some sentences and full stops, and used.</li> <li>Capital letters for nared.</li> <li>Segment spoken work represent these by present these by present these by present making phonetical others.</li> <li>Spell some year 1 hark words accurately.</li> <li>Apply prefix —un and where no change is need, -ing, -er, -est, -seed.</li> <li>Form letters and digit orientation and relation.</li> </ul>	ostly accurately and past tense. ds and sentences (co-cription. sensuring that many need accurately. tences with capital letters ee?. nes of people and places ds into phonemes and reviously taught hem with some accuracy ally plausible attempts at der to read and spell suffixes with accuracy needed to the root word. and -es) are of the correct size, onship to one another. words that reflects the	. U g . U	narratives. (real or fiduse present tense more growing accuracy of puse 'and' to join word ordination)  Use 'and' to join word ordination)  Use some simple des Write short narrative sentences are sequenced between sentences and full stops, correctly when requicapital letters for narrative segment spoken word epresent these by pust of the securacy and making attempts at others.  Spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.  Apply prefix —un and where no change is not spell many year 1 has words accurately.	ostly accurately and past tense. It do and sentences (co- scription. It se ensuring that many need accurately. Intences with capital and begin to use ? and ! It red. It mes of people and It do into phonemes and reviously taught them with some aphonetically plausible reder to read and spell It suffixes with accuracy needed to the root word.

		Essential Letters and Sounds							
	Spell words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught								
	Spell common exception words (Harder or read and spell words)								
Spelling	<ul> <li>Suffix 'ing' that can be added to verbs where no</li> <li>change is needed in the spelling of root words (e.g., helping)</li> <li>Regular plural noun suffixes –s</li> <li>How the prefix unchanges the meaning of verbs and adjectives [negation, for example, unkind, or undoing]</li> </ul>	Suffix 'ed' that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (e.g., helping, helped, helper)      Regular plural noun suffixes —es (ch and sh)      sh)	<ul> <li>Regular plural noun suffix—es (x and s)</li> <li>Suffix 'er' that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words. Revision of suffixes, 'ing' and 'ed'.</li> </ul>						
	Busy Ant Maths	Busy Ant Maths	Busy Ant Maths						
	Unit 1	Unit 5	Unit 9						
	Number and Place Value	Number and Place Value	<ul> <li>Number and Place Value</li> <li>Addition and Subtraction</li> <li>Position and Direction</li> <li>Unit 10</li> <li>Multiplication and Division</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Addition and Subtraction</li> </ul>	Addition and Subtraction							
	<ul> <li>Properties of Shape</li> </ul>	Properties of Shape							
	Unit 2	Unit 6							
	Addition and Subtraction	Multiplication and Division							
	<ul> <li>Addition and Subtraction</li> </ul>	Multiplication and Division	Multiplication and Division						
Maths	<ul> <li>Measurement - Length and Height</li> </ul>	Measurement - Mass	<ul> <li>Measurement – Length and Height</li> </ul>						
	Unit 3	Unit 7	Unit 11						
Rusy Ant	Number and Place Value	Addition and Subtraction	Addition and Subtraction						
Moths	Multiplication and Division	Addition and Subtraction	Addition and Subtraction						
CONFIDENCE FROM THE START	Position and Direction	Measurement - Time	Properties of shape						
COMPONE TRUIT THE START	Unit 4	Unit 8	Unit 12						
	Addition and Subtraction	Number and Place Value	Multiplication and Division						
	• Fractions	• Fractions	• Fractions						
	Measurement - Money	Measurement - Volume and Capacity	Measurement - Time						
	Key Vocabulary	<u>l</u>	1						
	Number and place value: sort, represent, multiples	s, partitioning, ones, tens.							

Addition and subtraction: addition/add, subtraction, difference, equals, facts, problems, missing number problems, 2-digit number, inverse

Multiplication and division: multiplication, division, arrays

	Eractions decimals and	percentages: whole, half, o	quarter equal parts							
	1			th year o'clock half nast second money coins						
	<b>Measurement:</b> Compare, mass, volume, chronological order, days of the week, months of the year, month, year, o'clock, half past, second, money, coins, notes, pounds £, pence p									
	Geometry: sides, corners, properties, pyramids, faces, position, direction, movement, whole turn, quarter turn, half turn, three-quarter turn									
	Busy Ant Maths Year 1 Medium Term Plans									
Cross-	Venn diagrams (History	and Science)	Place Order (History)	Pictogram (Science)						
curricular	Measurement – Capacity		Measuring (Science)	Position and Direction (Geography)						
Mathematics	Time (Science)		Position and Direction (Geography)							
	<b>Everyday Materials</b>	Seasonal Changes	Plants	Animals including Humans						
	Line of scientific	Line of scientific	Line of scientific enquiry examples:	Line of scientific enquiry examples:						
	enquiry examples:	enquiry examples:								
			Fair testing: Can I find out where seeds grow best?	Fair testing: Can I investigate whether our sense						
	Fair testing: Can I find	Identifying and		of taste is better when we cannot see?						
	out which material is	classifying: Can I talk	Identifying and classifying: Can I identify, describe							
	the most absorbent?	about different seasons matching them to	and compare two trees in our playground?	Identifying and classifying: Can I identify the features of a bird?						
	Identifying and	suitable clothing?	<b>Observation over time:</b> Can I observe changes in							
	classifying: Can I		leaves across the seasons?	Can I classify animals into carnivores, herbivores						
	classify objects into	Observation over time:		and omnivores?						
	their material groups?	Can I observe how the	Pattern seeking: Is there a pattern in where we							
<b>C</b> -!		weather changes over	find moss growing in the school	Pattern seeking: Are 5 year olds better at						
Science	Research: Can I share a	a week?	grounds?	smelling things than 6 year olds?						
	fact about Greta									
	Thunberg?	<b>Pattern seeking</b> : Can I	Research: Can I find out why Jean Baret was	<b>Research:</b> Can I find out the characteristics of an						
		say how day length	important to botany?	animal and say what they need to stay healthy?						
	<ul> <li>Distinguish</li> </ul>	changes over a year?								
	between an object		• Identify and name a variety of common plants,	Identify and name a variety of common						
	and the material	Research: How is	including garden plants, wild plants and trees,	animals that are birds, fish, amphibians,						
	from which it is	winter different around	and those classified as deciduous and	reptiles and mammals						
	made.	the world?	evergreen	Identify and name a variety of common						
	Identify and name a		Identify and describe the basic structure of a	animals that are carnivores, herbivores and						
	variety of everyday	Observe changes	variety of common plants including roots,	omnivores						
	materials, including	across the four	stem/trunk, leaves and flowers	Describe and compare the structure of a						
	wood, plastic, glass,	seasons		variety of common animals (birds, fish,						
	water and rock	Observe and	Jeanne Baret – explorer and botanist who	amphibians, reptiles and mammals, and						
		describe weather	discovered new plants	including pets).						

	<ul> <li>Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials</li> <li>Compare and group together a variety of everyday</li> </ul>	associated with the seasons and how day length varies  George James Symons – a British	EYFS- Observing Spring bulbs and completing observational drawings.	<ul> <li>Identify, name draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which parts of the body is associated with each sense</li> <li>George Mottershead – the founder of Chester Zoo (Zoologist)</li> </ul>
	materials on the basis of their physical properties	meteorologist COP∞ – Climate Change		EYFS – Lifecycles of animals, observing the chicks hatch, butterflies through the Hungry Caterpillar
	COP∞ – recycling and landfill/ Greta Thunberg – environmental activist	EYFS - Explore the changes in seasons – outdoor learning		
	EYFS - Properties of materials - floating and sinking			
	transparent, opaque  Seasonal changes – weat puddles, rainbow, season  Plants – deciduous, everg of trees in the local area, Animals including Human teeth, skin, fingers, leg, to policy, senses, touch, see	ther, sunny, rainy, raining, as, winter, summer, spring, green, root, stem, leaves, f names of garden and wild as — amphibians, birds, fishail, wing, claw, fin, scales, for smell, taste, hear	iny, dull, rough, smooth, bendy, not bendy, waterproshower, windy, snowy, cloudy, hot, warm, cold, storm autumn, sunrise, sunset, day length lowers, petals, fruit, seed, bulb, blossom, petal, berry flowering plants in the local area, plants we call ween, mammals, reptiles, carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, feathers, fur, beak, paws, hooves, parts of the human	n, thunder, lightning, hail, sleet, snow, icy, frost, , root, trunk, branch, stem, bark, stalk, bud, names ds head, body, eyes, ears, nose, mouth, tongue,
Working Scientifically	<ul> <li>Observe closely, using</li> <li>Performing simple te</li> <li>Identifying and classing</li> <li>Using observations and</li> </ul>	g simple equipment sts	·	
Geography	My Home and School		Opportunities through geography unit of work to consolidate knowledge on the seasons – observations of hot and cold weather	Our World

Use directional vocabulary to find places in Location of the Equator and the North and school and within the school grounds South poles on a map of the world (using Follow simple instructions to locate places in globes and atlases) school and within the school grounds Locate hot and cold areas of the world in Use an aerial map of school to locate places relation to the equator on a map Locate children's houses on the map of their Introduce the world's seven continents on an local area Use positional vocabulary to describe where aerial map something is located e.g. 'near, far, left, right Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to and behind' key human and physical features to describe Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to human and physical features within the local places on a world map area Use fieldwork and observational skills to find Draw a simple map using basic symbols as a geographical similarities and differences Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns Parent volunteer from non-European country in the United Kingdom Map skills – identifying countries and climate Seasons – observations of hot and cold weather Explain how the weather changes within each season Walk around Guilden Sutton and fieldwork in the school grounds Seasons – observations of hot and cold weather **Key Vocabulary** Home, school, house, address, map, personal, local, directions, human features, physical features, aerial map, atlas, globe, continent, North pole, South pole, weather, seasons. **Kings and Queens** Toys past and present Nurses Develop an awareness of the past, using Introduce the concept of monarchy Explain the role of a nurse now, within living Compare the differences and similarities common words and phrases relating to the memory and beyond living memory between our current monarch Charles III with Compare the differences and similarities passing of time Explain how we can find out about the past Queen Elizabeth II between nurses now and nurses of the past History Describe and recognise features of different Develop an understanding of chronology and and how this has changed in national life toys old and new within living memory an awareness of change Understand the lives of significant individuals Compare toys from different time periods, Understand how people's lives have shaped in the past who have contributed to national

this nation and how Britain has been

influenced by the wider world

and international achievements: Florence

Nightingale and Mary Seacole

identifying similarities and differences and

begin to suggest reasons for this

in the past who have and international ach	eak comparison (as part	<ul> <li>people acted as they</li> <li>Know and understan have impacted the w connections between events</li> <li>Understand the lives</li> </ul>	d how significant events rider world, make n now and previous of significant individuals contributed to national nievements: Queen	Compare the differences and similarities between the two nurses and how their circumstances differed						
jubilee.	Key Vocabulary Specific-toys, timeline, past, present, Victorian, era, material, mechanical, handmade, similarities, differences, monarch, reign, chronological, coronation,									
What does the story of creation teach people? What do people with similar and different worldviews believe about how the world was made & how should we should look after it?  Religious Education  • Understand the creation stories which are at the beginning of the Bible. • Understand Christians, Muslims and Hindus believe that creation shows the power and wonder of God. • Talk about what I enjoy most in	Why is baptism special? How do people welcome babies? What does it mean to belong? How do Christians welcome baby Jesus?  Talk about what belonging means to them. Explain what happens when a baby is baptised. Discuss ways in which people of world faiths welcome new babies.	What did Jesus teach people about God's love? Why did Jesus tell stories?  Retell some of Jesus' stories  Understand Jesus told the stories to teach people about God.  Give a simple explanation of the things we can learn from Jesus' stories.	What do you think is the most important part of the Easter story?  Recall events of the Easter story. Reflect on the awe and wonder of new life and changes in nature. Talk about their own experiences of Easter and springtime.	How and why are Allah & Muhammad (pbuh) important to Muslims believe about God? How do Muslims celebrate new beginnings? What is a Muslim marriage ceremony like?  • Understand why Allah is central to the Islamic faith. • Investigate how Muslims celebrate new beginnings. • Understand the values of love, respect, and commitment in a Muslim marriage. • Describe what happens in a Muslim marriage.						

Physical Education CEPD Community & Educational Physical Development	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ent, Baptism, font, Christening, Vicar/Minister, Priest, new life, Holy Week, disciples, Mary, resurrection, go, Adhan/Adhaan, Wedding, Nikah, Mosque, Hijab.  Gymnastics  Balance on 1 leg Basic shapes Rolls Travel under, over and across Basic jumps – one foot to one foot, one foot to two feet, two feet to one foot, two feet to two	garden, tomb, Islam, Allah, Muhammad (pbuh),  Athletics  Run, jump and throw Jump with two feet Run short distances  Striking and fielding games		
	Musical Theatre (based on Introductory Stage Musical Theatre and Primary Theatre Craft)  Ball heel walks  Spring points  Hops in combination  Rock 'n' Roll  Flick Tum Tee Tum  Flick Ticks	feet  Net games  Travel whilst balancing a ball Send a ball along the ground			
	<ul> <li>Twisty Walks</li> <li>Key Vocabulary</li> <li>Underarm, jump, land, pass, catch, roll, balance, ru</li> <li>Focus Artist: Picasso</li> <li>Focus Skill: Drawing</li> </ul>	n, jog, anatomy (joints), presentation, importance of v Kings and Queens Focus Artist: Henry Matisse - Link to Kings and	warm up and cool down (physical and vocal)  Focus Artist: Georges Seurat  Focus Skill: Printing		
Art	<ul> <li>Explore a range of drawing tools to make marks</li> <li>Begin to show increased control of the types of marks made with a range of media.</li> <li>Draw on different surfaces</li> <li>Explore different textures</li> </ul>	Queens Focus Skill: Painting (Colours)  Begin to explore and experiment with the primary colours  Mix primary colours to create secondary colours	<ul> <li>Explore pointillism and create artwork wit dots</li> <li>Use objects to create prints (e.g., fruit, vegetables, or sponges)</li> <li>Begin to press, roll, rub and stamp to mak prints</li> </ul>		
	Draw from imagination	Describe collections of colours			

- Draw a self-portrait, traditional and in the style of Picasso
- Explore the use of colour, pattern, texture, line and shape
- Start to explore the use of sketchbooks to record ideas and practice skills

#### Seasons - Collage

- Begin to use scissors and tearing to create a range of shapes
- Create an image from a variety of cut or torn media
- Arrange and glue materials to different backgrounds
- Create an Autumn collage using found materials and leaves

- Discuss and use warm and cold colours
- Describe favourite colours and why colours may be used for different purposes
- Explore a range of paint, brush sizes and tools
- Appraise the work of Henri Matisse (Fauvism), creating our own pieces with strong colours and fierce brushwork
- Weaving Create colourful weaving looms using bright paper
- Follow the over/under technique with the weft and warp

- Take rubbings from textured surfaces: e.g leaf, coin, tree bark
- Begin to identify different forms of printing e.g books, newspapers, fabric, wallpaper
- Know that printmaking is making art by printing pictures, normally on paper
- Create a pointillism inspired print piece using small circular objects (cotton buds, pencils, etc.)

Focus Artist: Jo Gough (Chester)
Focus Skill: Digital Art

- Use iPads independently to create pictures
- Use simple tools e.g., brush and pen tools
- Experiment with filters and effects
- Edit work on an iPad
- Sketch animals using drawing apps (Freeform and Noteability)



Design

**Technology** 

#### **Key Vocabulary**

**Drawing** – tools, surface, texture, self-portrait, colour, pattern, texture, line, shape

**Collage -** cutting shapes, sticking, texture, rough, soft, crunch, smooth, hard, overlap

Painting – primary colours, secondary colours, warm and cold colours

Printing – pointillism, press, roll, rub, stamp, printmaking

Digital Art – iPads, apps, Noteability, edit, filter, effects, tools

### Puppets – Textiles

- Can I make a success criteria?
- Can I explore and evaluate a range of puppets?
- Can I explore different ways of joining materials?
- Can I design and label two different puppets based on my research?
- Can I make my design?
- Can I evaluate my design?

#### **Designer: Vivienne Westwood**

#### Goldilocks and the 3 bears - Structure

- Can I make a success criteria?
- Can I explore and evaluate a range of existing products?
- Can I explore the concept and features of structures and the stability of different shapes?
- Can I design and label two different chairs based on my research?
- Can I make my design?
- Can I evaluate my design?

#### Ice pops – Food

- Can I make a success criteria?
- Can I explore and evaluate a range of existing products?
- Can I explore the different flavours and shapes used for ice pops?
- Can I design and label two different ice pops based on my research?
- Can I make my design?

			Designer: Ron Arad			Can I evaluate my design?			
			n, mould, stable, stiff, stro						
Music Charanga®	<ul> <li>Hey You</li> <li>Old School Hip-Hop</li> <li>How pulse, rhythm and pitch work together</li> <li>Key vocabulary: Pulse, rhythm, pitch, rap, improvise, compose, melody, bass guitar, drums, decks, perform</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rhythm In the Way         We Walk and The         Banana Rap</li> <li>Reggae</li> <li>Pulse, rhythm and         pitch, rapping,         dancing and singing</li> <li>Key vocabulary: Pulse,         rhythm, pitch, rap,         melody, singers,         keyboard, bass, guitar,         percussion, trumpets,         saxophones, perform</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In the Groove</li> <li>Blues, Baroque, Latin, Bhangra, Folk, Funk</li> <li>How to be in the groove with different styles of music.</li> <li>Key vocabulary: Blues, Baroque, Latin, Irish Folk, Funk, pulse, rhythm, pitch, compose, improvise, perform, groove</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Round and Round</li> <li>Bossa Nova</li> <li>Pulse, rhythm and pitch in different styles of music.</li> <li>Key vocabulary: Keyboard, bass, guitar, percussion, trumpets, saxophones, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, audience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Your Imagination</li> <li>Pop</li> <li>Using your imagination</li> <li>Key vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, audience, imagination</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reflect, Rewind &amp; Replay</li> <li>Classical</li> <li>The history of music, look back and consolidate your learning, learn some of the language of music.</li> </ul>			
Computing	Online safety		Music Year 1 – Kno		Programming 2 – Bee-bot				
Kapow Primary	<ul> <li>Online safety</li> <li>To know that the internet is many devices connected to one another.</li> <li>To know that you should tell a trusted adult if you feel unsafe or worried online.</li> <li>To know that people you do not know on the internet (online) are strangers and are not always who they say they are.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>To understand that an algorithm is when instructions are put in an exact order.</li> <li>To understand that decomposition means breaking a problem into manageable chunks and that it is important in computing.</li> <li>To know that you can use a camera/tablet to make simple videos.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>To understand the base</li> <li>Bot.</li> <li>To know that algorith accurately to a chose</li> </ul>	asic functions of a Bee- hms move a bee-bot en destination. l errors in an algorithm			

important to keep personal information safe.

 To know that 'sharing online means giving something specific to someone else via the internet and 'posting' online means placing information on the internet.

## Computer systems and networks – Improving mouse skills

- To know that "log in and log out" means to begin and end a connection with a computer.
- To know that a computer and mouse can be used to click, drag, fill and select and also add backgrounds, text, layers, shapes and clip art.
- To know that passwords are important for security.
- To know that when we create something on a computer it can be more easily saved and shared than a paper version.
- To know some of the simple graphic design features of a piece of online software.

- To understand that holding the camera still and considering angles and light are important to take good pictures.
- To know that you can edit, crop and filter photographs.
- To know how to search safely for images online.

#### **Key Vocabulary**

**Online safety** - connect, console, digital footprint, emotion, feelings, internet safety, laptop, mood, personal information, phone, posting, respect, sharing, smart device, smartphone, smart TV, smartwatch, strangers, trust, wired, wireless

Computer systems and networks – Improving mouse skills - account, ctrl, cursor, digital photograph, duplicate, layers, tool

**Programming 1 – Algorithms unplugged -** automatic, chunks, clear, code, decompose, decomposition, input, manageable, motion, order, organise, output, precise, robot, sensor, solution, specific, steps, tasks, virtual assistant

**Creating media – Digital imagery -** Background, blurred, camera, crop, device, digital camera, download, edit, editing software, filter, image, import, internet, keyword, online, photograph, resize, save as, search engine, storage space, visual effects

Programming 2 – Bee-bot - artificial intelligence, Bee-Bot, demonstration, filming, pause, predict, program, tinker, video, video recording

		Class Rules in French	Culture/ Halloween	Happy New Year/	[Culture: Mardi Gras	Vegetables/les	Culture/ 19 June: Fête
French		Lessons.	New Song:	Bonne année	(Shrove Tuesday)	légumes	des pères (Father's
			- Sorcière tourne la	orcière tourne la C		(vocab: chou, brocoli,	Day)
		Revisions:	soupe	Greetings/Les		pomme de terre,	Recall vocab.
		Greetings	ings (New clothes vocab: Le salutations: Mada		Recall Culture/ Fête des	concombre, haricots	(+ Bonne fête papa, Je
		Warm up	chapeau, le t_shirt, la	Monsieur,	Mères (Mothers Day/	verts, les petis pois)	t'aime)
		(+	jupe. les chaussettes,	Mademoiselle, jeune	different date in France:	Paper plate	
		Rapidement/Lentemen   les chaussures)   homme.   1		29th May)	(Colour Adj.)	Culture/ 21 juin: Fête	
		t)	Recall previous.		Family/ La famille		de la Musique

Culture/ 6 Jan: (Instructions: dessinez, Recall all songs (vocab + bonbons) Recall members. **Class instructions** l'Épiphanie/ La Galette colouriez) **Locate France, Paris...** (+ Bonne fête Maman, + Vocab: learn some des rois (Kings cake). Numbers 1-20 Numbers 1-30 Je t'aime) instruments. (Comptez les enfants) Mime how to make + Flower vocab: Une **New Song/**Chanson: Colours Vocababulary one/ name of fleur, la tige, la terre, la - Savez-vous plantez Recall farm animals and Ingredients & Utensils. Culture: 11 Nov/ Le les choux. Games graine... Act. pets. jour du Souvenir Recall body parts (+ (Dices/memory games (+ Colour adjective) Songs (le livre des per table...) (Vocab: un coquelicot, Recall new: le coude, la main, chansons françaises) Rhyme/comptine: Recall House Rhyme/ un soldat, Marchez, le pied...) Summer/sea animals/ Show book. Comptez, Arrêtez...) Bonhomme de neige (**Dans** le Jardin il v a...) (Intro plural) Recall Pets Vocab. les animaux de la mer Paper work: Comptons + new song: - C'est l'Automne Christmas jusqu'a 10 ... (Dices/memory games **Express likes and** (vocab: le crabe, la pieuvre, l'Étoile de (+ vocab **tree**: un arbre, vocababulary: Introduce writing. per table...) dislikes: J'aime, je les racines, le tronc, les le sapin, le cadeau (+ + Story: Le Bonhomme n'aime pas.... mer, la tortue, la branches...) Colour adjective), le (Sentence building) de neige Farm animals / Les baleine...) (More Clothes/les animaux de la ferme Video/ Book: renne, la boule, l'étoile, Papa Noël... vêtements. (Vocab: le cochon, le - Le petit poisson blanc + New Song/Chanson: cheval, le mouton, le Recall song: les petits le pyjama, le pull, le canard, la vache) Petit Papa Noël. pantalon, la cravate, la poissons dans l'eau. Game:/jeu: robe de chambre...) Qu'est ce qu'il y a dans Merry Recall **Culture/La Fête** le sac...? Christmas/Joyeux Noël [Recall Culture/la Nationale /14 juillet **New Song/** Chanson: chandeleur (Candlemas)/ Crêpes/ Dans la ferme de how to make Mathurin. pancakes/mime / Culture/mid April: names of Ingredients & **Joyeuses Pâques** Utensils.] **Recall Easter** vocababulary + Song/Chanson: Frere Jacques (+ La chasse aux oeufs)

**Happy birthday** /Joyeux anniversaire **Song**/Chanson: Quel âge as-tu? J'ai.... Ans.

**Happy holidays/** Bonnes vacances.

Warm up actions: Dansez, Tournez, Sautez, Frappez, Touchez, Jouez. Mangez, Buvez, Lavez, Fermez les yeux, ouvrez les yeux,

			ous, Levez- vous, Levez la n	nain, Chut, Taisez-vous, Reg	gardez, Ecoutez, Oui, Non,	S'il te/vous plaît,						
		Chantez, Comptez, Comptez, Arrêtez										
PSHE/Sex and Relationships/	Me and My Relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Safe	Rights and Respect	Being my Best	Growing and Changing						
Safeguarding	Why we have	Same or different?	Healthy me	Around and about the school	Eat well	Inside my wonderful body!						
SCARF	classroom rules.  Understand that classroom rules help everyone to learn and be safe  Explain their classroom rules and be able to contribute to making these  Thinking about our feelings.  Identify a range of feelings and discuss how these feelings might make us behave  Suggest strategies for someone experiencing 'not so good' feelings to manage these  Feelings and Bodies.  Recognise how	<ul> <li>Identify the differences and similarities between people</li> <li>Empathise with those who are different from them</li> <li>Begin to appreciate the positive aspects of these differences</li> <li>Unkind, tease or bully?</li> <li>Explain the difference between unkindness, teasing and bullying</li> <li>Understand that bullying is usually quite rare</li> <li>It's not fair!</li> <li>Recognise and explain what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind</li> <li>Suggest ways they can show kindness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and air (oxygen)</li> <li>Recognise that exercise and sleep are important parts of a healthy lifestyle</li> <li>Who can help? (1)</li> <li>Recognise emotions and physical feelings associated with feeling unsafe</li> <li>Identify people who can help them when they feel unsafe</li> <li>Good or bad touches?</li> <li>Name and know which parts should be private</li> <li>Explain the difference between appropriate and inappropriate touch</li> </ul>	Identify what they like about the school environment Recognise who cares for and looks after the school environment  Taking Care of Something  Demonstrate responsibility in looking after something (e.g. a class pet or plant) Explain the importance of looking after things that belong to themselves or to others  Harold's money  Explain where people get money from	<ul> <li>Recognise that they may have different tastes in food to others</li> <li>Select foods from the Eatwell Guide in order to make a healthy lunch</li> <li>Recognise which foods we need to eat more of and which we need to eat less of to be healthy</li> <li>Catch it! Bin it! Kill it!</li> <li>Understand how diseases can spread</li> <li>Recognise and use simple strategies for preventing the spread of diseases</li> <li>Pass on the Praise</li> <li>Demonstrate attentive listening skills</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Name major internal body part (heart, lungs, blood, stomach, intestines, brain)</li> <li>Understand and explain the simple bodily processes associated with them</li> <li>Taking care of a baby</li> <li>Understand some of the tasks required to look after a baby</li> <li>Explain how to meet the basic needs of a baby, for example, eye contact, cuddling, washing, changing feeding</li> <li>Who can help? (2)</li> <li>Explain the difference</li> </ul>						

Understand that

they have the right

others might be

feeling by reading

to others

• Suggest simple

strategies for

between teasing

and bullying

List some of the

things that money

	dy language/		to say "no" to	may be spent on in		resolving conflict	•	Give examples of
fac	cial expressions		unwanted touch	a family home		situations		what they can do if
• Red	cognise that	•	Discuss who you		•	Give and receive		they experience or
ped	ople's bodies and		can trust and when			positive feedback,		witness bullying
fee	elings can be hurt		to ask for help			and experience	•	Say who they could
• Sug	ggest ways of					how this makes		get help from in a
=	aling with					them feel		bullying situation
	ferent kinds of							
hur	rt						Sui	rprises and secrets
Good f	riends.						•	Explain the
• Ide	entify simple							difference
qua	alities of a good							between a secret
frie	endship							and a nice surprise
• Sug	ggest simple						•	Identify situations
stra	ategies for							as being secrets or
ma	aking up							surprises
							•	Identify who they
								can talk to if they
								feel uncomfortable
								about any secret
								they are told, or
								told to keep

#### **Key Vocabulary**

Me and My Relationships – rules, safe, responsibility, work together, feelings, body language, emotions, safe, support, friendship making up.

Valuing Difference – same, different, difference, respect, unkind, tease, teasing, bully, bullying, behaviour, fair, unfair.

**Keeping Safe** – private, trust, privates, food, water, oxygen, feelings, worried, nervous, scared, support, unsafe.

**Rights and Respect** – environment, responsibility, needs, responsible, responsibility, rules, money, cost, bills, spending, afford.

Being My Best – healthy, fruit, vegetable, dairy, meat, sugar, salt, cereal, germs, disease, hygiene, spread, praise, support, feedback, encourage, feelings. Growing and Changing – caring, love, attention, needs, help, surprise, secret, uncomfortable, heart, lungs, intestines, stomach, blood, brain, unkind, tease, bully, help.