

Guilden Sutton Church of England Primary School

Love and Justice for All

Geography Whole School Curriculum Progression Map

Our Christian Values: WISDOM, JUSTICE, COMPASSION, LOVE, FORGIVENESS, FRIENDSHIP

Year Group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2		Summer 1	Summer 2
Reception	 Share the story of the Gunpowder Plot. What is London like? Identify and link to London landmarks and locations. Locate our school on a map. Discuss our journey to school. Draw a map of the 3 Little Pigs' houses and follow and give directions. Follow directions to places in school. Key Vocabulary Home, school, Guilden Sutton, Chester, England, Locate School, School		 Learn all about penguins and identify different types. Describe the climate in which they live in the Antarctic. Locate China on a World map, identify the Chinese flag and look at and discuss the Great Wall of China and Pagodas. 		 Walk around the local area and plot key buildings and features on a simple map. Discuss the difference between environments featured in books shared. Compare animal habitats i.e., desert, jungle, rainforest, ocean, forest. Look at photographs of famous bridges around the world and link to location on world map. 		
1	My Home and School		Weather and the Seasons		Ou	r World	
	 Use directional vocabulary to find places in school and within the school grounds Follow simple instructions to locate places in school and within the school grounds Use an aerial map of school to locate places Locate children's houses on the map of their local area 		 the United Kingdom Location of the Equate South poles on a map Locate hot and cold a relation to the equate 	of the world eas of the world in	•	on a globe or atlas Name and locate th continents on an ae Use basic geographi	rial map ical vocabulary to refer to sical features to describe

	 Use positional vocabulary to describe where something is located e.g. 'near, far, left, right and behind' Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to human features within the local area Draw a simple map using basic symbols as a key Walk around Guilden Sutton 	 Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features COP~ – Climate change Seasons – observations of hot and cold weather 	 Use fieldwork and observational skills to find geographical similarities and differences of a small area in a contrasting non-European country Parent volunteer from non-European country Map skills – identifying countries and climate
	Key Vocabulary Home, school, house, address, map, personal, loca pole, weather, seasons.	l, directions, human features, physical features, aerial	l map, atlas, globe, continent, North pole, South
2	 4 countries of United Kingdom Capital Cities on a map and its surrounding seas Use maps and atlases to identify the United Kingdom Use simple compass directions Year 1 – Introduction to world map 	 Name and locate 7 continents and 5 oceans Use world maps atlases and globes to identify continents and oceans Use simple compass directions and locational and directional language to describe the location of features on a map Year 1 – Introduction to world map 	 Geographical similarities and differences between Guilden Sutton and Daintree, Australia (including seasonal and daily weather patterns) Use world maps atlases and globes to identify continents and oceans Use simple compass directions and locational and directional language to describe the location of features on a map Create maps using natural materials Use aerial photographs to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features Devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key Would you rather live in Guilden Sutton or the Daintree Rainforest? Why? Year 1 – Local area Year 1 – Weather and the seasons (equator)

	Key Vocabulary		Fieldwork within local area
	The UK- United Kingdom, British Isles, England, Scot city, London, Edinburgh, Cardiff, Belfast. The World- World, countries, continents, ocean, eq	tland, Wales, Northern Ireland, Republic of Ireland, E Juator, Northern hemisphere, Southern hemisphere, Reef, green belt, human features, physical features,	North Pole, South Pole, Australia, Australasia,
3	 Helsby Hill-History and geography links Fieldwork-compass work, maps, observation sketches Identification of physical and human features Understanding of how features and land use how changed over time 	 The UK Oceans and continents Counties and capital cities Human and physical features Compass directions Key and map skills including using an atlas. Changes over time Coasts, rivers mountains Compare to Attica (a region in Greece) Year 2-The UK COP∞ - Pollution and climate change	 Geography Links Map work-location of ancient civilisations Landscape/climate/geographical features of Egypt Year 1 – Weather and the seasons (equator)
	Key Vocabulary The UK- ocean, map, continents, Edinburgh, Cardiff, London, Belfast, United Kingdom, counties, human feature, physical feature, North pole, South p		

	Small areas of the World – Europe	Volcanoes and Earthquakes	Rivers/water
	 Understand maps and be able to create my own key Look at some different types of maps Use simple maps to complete an orienteering course Research the geographical features of a country Year 1 – Our World Year 2 – Geographical similarities and differences between Guilden Sutton and Daintree Year 3 – UK	 Explain what is under the surface of the Earth Understand and describe the key aspects of a volcano Debate if people should live near volcanoes Understand and describe the key aspects of earthquakes Plot the locations of volcanoes and earthquakes on maps Year 3 Science – Rocks and fossils	 Describe and understand the water cycle. Explain how clouds and rain are formed Understand how drinking water is cleaned Explain the causes and effects of flooding Look at the causes and effects of water pollution Features of the River Dee COP∞ – flooding/climate change
-	Key Vocabulary		1
		yria, climate, border, physical geography, human geog scale, water cycle, river, River Dee, upper course, mid	

5	Anglo Saxons & Vikings – Invaders & Settlers	The Ancient Mayan Civilization	North America and The U.S.A.	
	ton/tun (enclosed village), farmland, manorhurst stead/sted (place), leigh/lee/ley (forest clearing), or island), counties, borders.	 Central America – Mexico, Belize, El Salvador, Honduras, Guatemala Tourism - Mexico as a holiday destination Chichen Itza Geographical features, mountains, rainforests, seas & ocean Why do earthquakes happen in Central America? Longitude & latitude COP∞ – Climate Change Year 4 – Volcanoes and Earthquakes posstal headland), ham (village), stow/stowe (meeting (wooden hill), wick/wich (produce of a farm) port (mail toft (small village), bury/borough/burg (fortified place 	 Biomes: tundra, deserts, everglades, rivers, mountains Environmental regions Physical & Human Geography: Mississippi, Niagara Falls, Rockies, Disneyland etc Map skills – locating states, major environmental regions etc COP∞ – Climate Change Liverpool and Mersey Ferry 	
6		My World	Mapping skills	
		 Explain the causes of climate change and the impact of these Outline how climate change can be prevented Be able to list the different climate zones and biomes around the World Understand the importance of the Paris Agreement and 'Fridays for Future' (School Strikes – Greta Thunberg) Malala Y5 Write a case study on the Australian bushfires 	 Draw a map of the World with no resources and label the 7 continents, 5 oceans, some of the major seas, equator, hemispheres and tropics Using an atlas, identify the lines of longitude and latitude, and understand their purpose Look at Ordnance Survey Maps, including some of the local area. Discuss: scale, direction, symbols, 	

	 and on Reykjavik, Iceland as a Sustainable City Discuss the impact of some key people who have played a major role in helping prevent climate change Be able to explain and use key vocabulary related to this topic COP∞ – Global Warming Visit to Chester Zoo. 	 grids, contour lines. Understand how different scaled maps are used for different activities Read and use 4 and 6 figure grid references to locate places on a map Draw own maps on a grid. Label grids, and using symbols, create map of own choice. Write some questions on finding and using grid references, direction, scale and contour
		 South America Location – where is South America in the World Name the 13 countries that make up South America and the position of these Name the capital cities for the 13 countries Understand what the physical and human features of a country are Using the physical and human geographical features, carry out an in- depth study of one of the countries within South America. Include – maps, diagrams, graphs, tables, pictures and written explanations Comparing Chester to Caracas (Venezuela)
Key Vocabulary Longitude, latitude, hemisphere, compass points, o fossil fuels, deforestation, greenhouse gasses, carb	ordnance survey, grid reference, scale, contour line, re	lief, continent, biome, climate change, carbon,