

| Progression of skills and knowledge | | | | | | Online safety | |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 | |
| To recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. To understand that technology can be selected for different purposes. To recognise that you can say 'no' / 'please stop' / 'I'll tell' / 'I'll ask' to somebody who asks you to do something that makes you feel sad, embarrassed or upset. To explain how this could be either in real life or online. To understand that online you do not always know who you are talking to. | To know that the internet is many devices connected to one another. To know that you should tell a trusted adult if you feel unsafe or worried online. To know that people you do not know on the internet (online) are strangers and are not always who they say they are. To know that to stay safe online it is important to keep personal information safe. To know that 'sharing online means giving something specific to someone else via the internet and 'posting' online means placing information on the internet. | To understand the difference between online and offline. To understand what information I should not post online. To know what the techniques are for creating a strong password. To know that you should ask permission from others before sharing about them online and that they have the right to say 'no.' To understand that not everything I see or read online is true. | To know that not everything on the internet is true: people share facts, beliefs and opinions online. To understand that the internet can affect your moods and feelings. To know that privacy settings limit who can access your important personal information, such as your name, age, gender etc. To know what social media is and that age restrictions apply. | To understand some of the methods used to encourage people to buy things online. To understand that technology can be designed to act like or impersonate living things. To understand that technology can be a distraction and identify when someone might need to limit the amount of time spent using technology. To understand what behaviours are appropriate in order to stay safe and be respectful online. | To know different ways we can communicate online. To understand how online information can be used to form judgements. To understand some ways to deal with online bullying. To know that apps require permission to access private information and that you can alter the permissions. To know where I can go for support if I am being bullied online or feel that my health is being affected by time online. | To know that a 'digital footprint' means the information that exists on the internet as a result of a person's online activity. To know what steps are required to capture bullying content as evidence. To understand that it is important to manage personal passwords effectively. To understand what it means to have a positive online reputation. To know some common online scams. | |



| Progression of skills and knowledge | | | | Computer systems and networks | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 | |
| To be able to | To know that "log in | To know the difference | To know what a tablet | To understand that | To know how search | To understand the | |
| understand what a | and log out" means to | between a desktop and | is and how it is different | software can be used | engines work. | importance of having a | |
| computer keyboard is | begin and end a | laptop computer. | from a laptop/desktop | collaboratively online to | | secure password and | |
| and recognising some | connection with a | | computer. | work as a team. | To understand that | what "brute force | |
| letters and numbers. | computer. | To know that people | | | anyone can create a | hacking" is. | |
| | | control technology. | To understand what a | To know that you can | website and therefore | | |
| To know that a mouse | To know that a | | network is and how a | use images, text, | we should take steps to | To know that the first | |
| can be used to click, | computer and mouse | To know that buttons | school network might | transitions and | check the validity of | computers were | |
| drag and create simple | can be used to click, | are a form of input that | be organised. | animation in | websites. | created at Bletchley | |
| drawings. | drag, fill and select and | give a computer an | | presentation slides. | | Park to crack the | |
| | also add backgrounds, | instruction about what | To know how the | | To understand what | Enigma code to help the | |
| To know that to use a | text, layers, shapes and | to do (output). | internet uses networks | | copyright is. | war effort in World War | |
| computer you need to | clip art. | | to share files. | | | 2. | |
| log in to it and then log | | To know that | | | To know the difference | | |
| out at the end of your | To know that passwords | computers often work | To know what a packet | | between ROM and | | |
| session. | are important for | together. | is and why it is | | RAM. | | |
| | security. | | important for website | | | | |
| To know that different | | | data transfer. | | | | |
| types of technology can | To know that when we | | | | | | |
| be found at home and | create something on a | | To know the roles that | | | | |
| in school. | computer it can be | | inputs and outputs play | | | | |
| | more easily saved and | | on computers. | | | | |
| To know that you can | shared than a paper | | | | | | |
| take simple | version. | | To know what some of | | | | |
| photographs with a | | | the different | | | | |
| camera or iPad. | To know some of the | | components inside a | | | | |
| | simple graphic design | | computer are e.g. CPU, | | | | |
| To know that you must | features of a piece of | | RAM, hard drive, and | | | | |
| hold the camera still | online software. | | how they work | | | | |
| and ensure the subject | | | together. | | | | |
| is in the shot to take a | | | | | | | |
| photo. | | | | | | | |
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| Kapow | Progressi | ion of skills a | nd knowledge | Creating media | | |
|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| | To understand that | | To know that different | | To understand that stop | |
| | holding the camera still | | types of camera shots | | motion animation is an | |
| | and considering angles | | can make my photos or | | animation filmed one | |
| | and light are important | | videos look more | | frame at a time using | |
| | to take good pictures. | | effective. | | models, and with tiny | |
| | | | | | changes between each | |
| | To know that you can | | To know that I can edit | | photograph. | |
| | edit, crop and filter | | photos and videos using | | | |
| | photographs. | | film editing software. | | To know that | |
| | | | | | decomposition of an | |
| | To know how to search | | To understand that I | | idea is important when | |
| | safely for images online. | | can add transitions and | | creating stop-motion | |
| | | | text to my video. | | animations. | |
| | | | | | To know that editing is | |
| | | | | | an important feature of | |
| | | | | | making and improving a | |
| | | | | | stop motion animation. | |
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| Kapow | Progre | ession of skills ar | Data handling | | | |
|---|--------|---|---------------|--|--|--|
| Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| To know that sorting objects into various categories can help you locate information. To know that using yes/no questions to find an answer is a branching database. | Teal I | To understand that you can enter simple data into a spreadsheet. To understand what steps you need to take to create an algorithm. To know what data to use to answer certain questions. To know that computers can be used to monitor supplies. | | To know that computers can use different forms of input to sense the world around them so that they can record and respond to data. This is called 'sensor data'. To know that a weather machine is an automated machine that responds to sensor data. To understand that weather forecasters use specific language, expression and preprepared scripts to help create weather forecast films. | To know that Mars Rover is a motor vehicle that collects data from space by taking photos and examining samples of rock. To know what numbers using binary code look like and be able to identify how messages can be sent in this format. To know what simple operations can be used to calculate bit patterns. | To know that data contained within barcodes and QR codes can be used by computers. To know that Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) is a more private way of transmitting data. To know that data is often encrypted so that even if it is stolen it is not useful to the thief. |